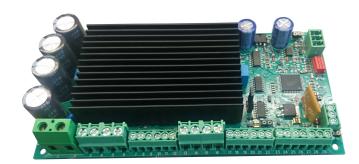
EM-337A-PLI PARALLEL DRIVER FOR 4 ACTUATORS or MOTORS 12/24Vdc 4x10A



FEATURES

- synchronized 4 parallel driving
- operates with pulse feedback
- pulse counting PNP or NPN logicquadrature pulse counting
- current and temperature limit
- settable drive speed 2 or 16kHz pwm frequency
- acceleration and deceleration ramps
- stroke length limitation
- setting with serial interface brake (release) output
- safety switch input
- Rs-485 (Modbus) control option
- safety reverse function
- A-version replaces earlier versions but A-version works only with A-ver. firmware

APPLICATIONS

- table lifter
- hatch control
- worktop control

EM-337A-PLI

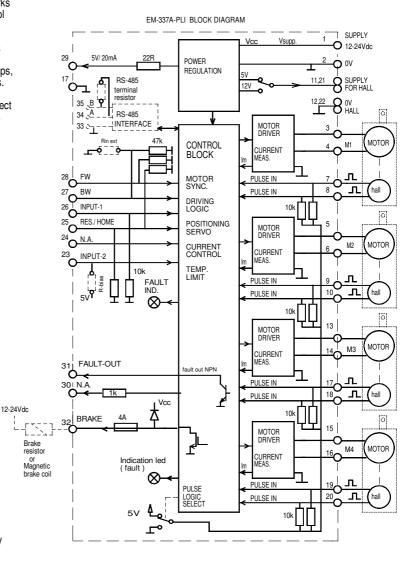
EM-337-pLI is a parallel synchro controller for up to 4 DC-motors. The controller has four H-bridge power stages. The driver works with actuators that can offer pulse feedback signal. The control is done with FW / BW commands.

The synchronization control will keep all motors in the same speed and position. If synchronous error exceeds the set difference limit, all motors will be stopped. Device includes adjustable acceleration and deceleration ramps, which produce the smooth starts, stops and direction changes. Load compensation also enables good operation with asymmetric loads. Adjustable current limits can be set to protect motor and mechanics against overcurrent (over sized forces).

TECHNICAL DATA

Supply voltage 10 Undervoltge shutdown 8V 10-35V 381 Overvoltage limit idle current < 20mA Motor current: (@ 2kHz / 16kHz) 4x8A / 4x4A at continuous use 4x12A / 4x5A at duty cycle 25% 4x15A/4x8A at duty cycle 10% 4x25A max. in start Current limit, setting 1-25A Overtemp limit 90℃ PWM frequency 2kHz or 16kHz Input control logic levels: "NPN" ON= 0-1V, OFF=4-30V or open "PNP" ON=4-30V, OFF=0-1V or open Control input impedances typ. 47 or 10kohm Pulse input freg. max. 700Hz/input ch Pulse inputs pull- up/down 10 kohm.
Fault out. NPN open coll. max 30V/50mA 5V aux. output max 20mA Position out 0-5V (Rout 1kohm) Brake out NPN max. 4A Supply connectors 4mm2 Motor/control connectors 2.5/1,5mm2 190g -40...60℃ Weight Recom. oper. temp (Ta) -40...60 °C Over temp. shut down. 120 °C (pow.stage) CE Electromagnetic compatibility EN-55022B and EN 61000-6-2/ -4-2...6 Dimension and housing options:

- Card 142x73x28mm
- Installed in DIN-rail base 145x127x50mm
- Fibox PC150/60, (180x130x60mm) Fibox PC175/100 (180x180x100mm) include 300VA supply

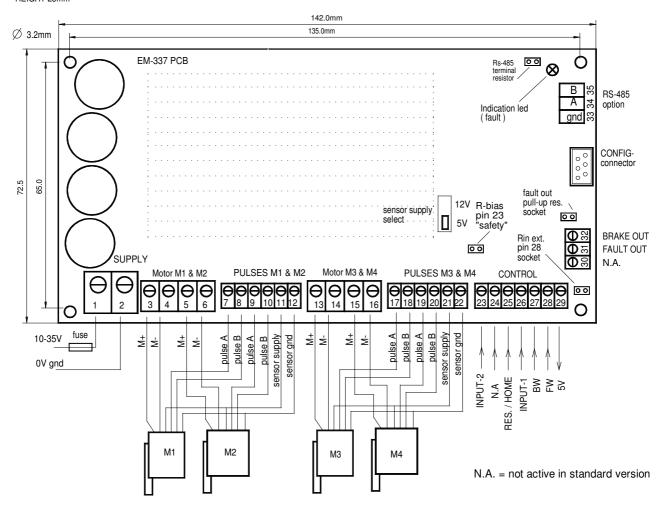


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EM-337A-PLI connector & dimensions.



CONNECTION

In the drawing above, a typical connection of the card can be seen. Supply voltage should be 12-35Vdc filtered. Ripple less than 20%. Device has no inbuilt fuse, so use an external fuse, max. value 60A.

NOTICE wrong polarity supply can be damaged device

IMPORTANT.



The phase shift of pulse lines should be about 90 deg. Also the frequency of one pulse sensor should be lower than 700Hz.

NOTICE.

When turned power on first time the led blinking, It is normal. The Homing can be started as guided in page 4

TERMINALS

PULSE SENSOR INPUTS can be set to work in NPN (pull to gnd) or PNP (pull to positive) mode. The modes are set with parameter 4. The hall switches of motors can be supplied with 12V or with 5V from card. Check the right voltage from motor datasheet.

INPUT 2 is a multifunction PNP input, which can be set with parameter 7. This input also has a wiring monitor possibility. When safety stop switch option is selected, R-bias has to install. R-bias should be the same value as the resistor on safety switch. This input can also work as SPEED-2 activation or BW end limit. NOTICE! this safety stops only when run FW direction

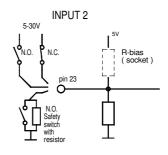
FW and BW are PNP inputs are for operating commands. These start running in FW or BW direction.

INPUT 1 is a multifunction PNP input, which can be set with parameter 6. It can work as STOP, SPEED-2 activation, or FW END limit.

RES. / HOME input is PNP input. Short command resets fault, long command (>5s) starts home routine.

FAULT OUTPUT is normally an open NPN output, but there is socket for pull up resistor if you want to use it for PNP input. (res. e.g. 2.2kohm)

BRAKE OUTPUT is NPN 4A output for releasing magnetic brakes of motors or alternatively for switching brake resistor in overvoltage situtation. The function of this output can be set with parameter 8. There load is connected from pin 32 to supply (pin1)

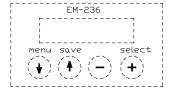


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PARAMETER SETTING AND MONITORING

Parameter adjusting can be done with the following EM- interface devices.

- -EM-236 is a basic stand alone setting device. -EM-328 USB-serial converters, which makes it possible to set parameters with a computer that has EmenTool Lite installed.
- -EM-326 is a Bluetooth-dongle, which can be used in smart devices with the EmenTool App.



MONITORABLE VALUES

```
1 fault code, as indication led blink count
2 motor A current - 0.1A/digit
3 motor B current - 0.1A/digit
4 motor C current - 0.1A/digit
5 motor D current - 0.1A/digit
6 current limit setting 0.1A/digit
7 motor A pulse counter value
8 motor B pulse counter value
```

8 motor B pulse counter value

9 motor C pulse counter value 10 motor D pulse counter value

11 operating voltagen 0.075V /1digit 12 safety edge 0.05V/digit

INDICATION LED (number of blinks)

continuous = homing in progress

1 blink = homing failed

2 blinks = overcurrent

3 blinks = no pulses detected

4 blinks = motor position difference too big

(synchronisation error)

5 blinks = overvoltage

6 blinks = safety edge wiring failure 7 blinks = Bus (rs-485) timeout

PARAMETER LIST EM-337A PLI v1.2 (default KLEEline)

```
1 Motor output regulation 10-50V / 0-50 (0)
```

0-9 = regulation disabled Overvoltage 15-60V / 15-60

Notice! don't set this higher

than max. supply voltage

3 PWM frequency 1=2kHz , 2=16khz 4 Motor pulse logic 1=PNP , 2=NPN 5 Control mode (2['])

1=continuous (run as long as command is active)
2=impulse (short command starts run)
3=impulse-2 (impulse, direction change without stop)
6 INPUT-1 (pin 26) function options (1)

1 stop

2 speed 2 activation 3 end limit fw direction (N.O.)

4 end limit fw direction (N.O.)
4 end limit fw direction (N.C.)
7 INPUT-2 (pin 23) input function options (2)
1 safety switch input with opening contact (N.C.)
2 safety switch input with closing contact (N.O.)
3 safety switch input with (N.O.) contact and line monitor

4 speed 2 activation
5 end limit bw direction (N.O)
6 end limit bw direction, (N.C.)
8 Brake output activation (pin 32)

0= overvoltage

0 = 0vervoltage 1 = "run" indication, activates when motors run 2 = "end" indication, activates if stopped with param 21 or 22 9 Motor Speed 20-100% / 20-100 (100) 10 Motor Speed-2 20-100%/20-100 (60) 11 Current limit FW 0.1-25A / 1-250 (10-20-50) / (KL 12 Current limit BW 0.1-25A / 1-250 (10-20-50) / (KL (10-20-50) / (KLEEline 26-38-52) (10-20-50) / (KLEEline 26-38-52)

13 Start kick options 0-255 0=start kick disabled

1= start kick after homing (100ms) 2 to 255 = start also after l-trip and the param. value

defines start kick time as milliseconds

defines start kick time as milliseconds

14 Fault output modes 1-3 (1)

1 = output activates (= pull down) if fault detected

2 = output shifting on/off, if homing fault

3 = output shifting on/off in phase with indication led

15 Start ramp 0.1-2.5 / 1-25 (2)

16 Stop ramp 0.1-2.5 / 1-25 (2)

17 Pulse Lost reaction time 0-1s / 0-100 (80)

18 Safety reverse run options 3x 1-10s / 0-30 (0)

-0 = disabled

-0= disabled

-1-10s reversing time both dir.

-11-20 reversing time 1-10s. enabled only when run FW. dir - 21-30 reversing time 1-10s enabled only when run BW dir.

19 Load compensation 0-255 / 0-255 (0) 20 Syncronisation strength 1-50 / 1-50 (15) 21 REV. direction End limit 0-65000p (40)

22 FW. direction End limit 0-65000p (65000)

23 Slow down before REV end. 0-65000 (50) 24 Slow down before FW. end 0-65000 (50)

25 Serial line configuration, speed, parity, and number of stop bits (1) 1 =9600bps 8N1 5 =19200bps 8N1

2 =9600bps 8N2 6 =19200bps 8N2

3 =9600bps 8E1 7 =19200bps 8E1 4 =9600bps 8O1 8 =19200bps 8O1

26 Modbus address 1-247 (1)

27 Not in use

28 Not in use

HOMING CYCLE (position counter reset)

At the start of the use the pulse counters of the device has to reset. In some situations the device might lose the position infomation, for example when it's moved manually while the power is off. In the cases the position counter mustmatched again with homing routine. During homing the motors run at speed-2. After the homing motor will start with "start-kick", which means short 0.1s with full drive, this to prevent motor jamming.

START THE HOMING CYCLE

The homing routine is activated with HOME input with 5s command or it can be started with 10 second simultaneously command with FW and BW inputs. After starting, the ind. led on card turn on. Same time the motors starts to run in BW direction until they meet their end points. If only one motor reaches mechanical end, then start homing routine again so many times that all motors reach mechanical end.

Notice! don't stop the homing until led has turned off keep command on until 2 second after motors has stopped. Notice If indication ledstay blinking then homing is failed - try again Notice! driver use "start kick" in first start after homing

TROUBLE SHOOTING AT HOMING

A: motor run only about second and ind. led blinking

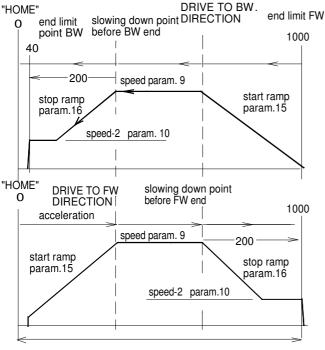
- check parameter 4
- check pulse sensor voltage
- pulse sensor phasing wrong = wrong counting direction swap the pulse wires
- -motor run wrong direction = swap motor wires

B: motor not run at all: -current limit is too low, check parameters 11 and 12 -motor or system is mechanically stuck

C: The homing works, but into the wrong direction, then swap the motor wires and also swap the pulse sensor wires.

FAULT RESET

Current limit and pulse lost faults can be reset with short command for RES/HOME input. or with new BW or FW command. Difference limit and homing fail errors need to reset by doing "homing" routine . Overvoltage and Overtemp. errors will be reset automatically when error situation disappear.



Full mechanical range of example application

END LIMITS

After the succesful homing the device is ready for normal use. The settable end limits of this card are based on internal position counter. There can be set BW and FW direction stop points and also slowing down points for both direction. At slowing down points motors will slowing down to speed -2.
Pictures above shows function both direction. In pictures has used

default values of end limit and slowing down parameters.

MOTOR OUTPUT REGULATION (speed regulating)

This function regulates motor speed so that changes of supply voltage will not affect the motor speed. This is enabled and adjusted with parameter 1. For example, if supply voltage varies 25-32V, then you can set this parameter to value 24V. which means that motor output 100% =24V. If this function is disabled (param. <10) then 100% output is = supply voltage

OVERVOLTAGE (brake output use with external brake resistor)

Brake output can be used to limit overvoltage. Brake resistor connect pin 32 to supply. The brake output activated if supply exceed param. 2 value. Param. 8 has to be set = 0 NOTICE! If voltage rises 1V higher than param. 2 then driver powerstage set to freewheel. NOTICE! don't set param 2 higher than supply voltage max.

PWM FREQUENCY

Driver has two option for pwm frequency 2 or 16kHz, with 2kHz power stage has lower losses and it can give more output current. But 2kHz can also generate whistling voice, this can be avoided with selecting 16kHz frequency. **SPEED**

Driver has two speed setting parameter 9 and 10. The speed-1 is normally in use The speed-2 is enabled in homing, and in slowing down area when approaching end point. Speed-2 can be also enabled with input-1 or input -2, and with parameter 6 and 7.

CURRENT LIMIT (torque limit)

All motor has own current limit measuring, if current of another motor exceeds the current limit, then both motor will shut down. Overcurrent shut down is disabled during start ramp, but the current limitation is always active and it protects against overtorque.

Current can be set separately for FW and BW direction with parameter 11 and 12.

START AND STOP RAMPS

ramps smooths start and speed changing. These are set with parameter 15 and 16

PULSE LOST REACTION TIME

Parameter 17 defines delay time for pulse lost shutdown. If some of motors don't give pulses then all motors stopped Default value for reaction time is 0.8s

SAFETY "REVERSE" FUNCTION

This function reversing motors automatically if one or all meets obstacle. With parameter 18 can be set the direction when function is enabled and also how long time motor reversing. This function trigs on from current limit or with safety switch command. NOTICE! safety switch inputs trigs this function only to

when system run FW direction

LOAD COMPENSATION (torque at low speed)

If the motor seems feeble when using a slow speed (speed-2) its endurance can be improved with compensation parameter 19. Slowly increase the parameter's value for example by 10 units and make loading test, repeat this until you get torque enough for low speed. However, setting a too high value will make the motor twitch.

SYNCHRO STRENGTH

This parameter 20. defines how strong synchronisation is between motors. The bigger value means stronger sychronisation, which means that motors follow stronger to each other, but too big value could generate twitching.

DIFFERENCE LIMIT (unsynchronous. shutdown)

If position difference between motors increase over 50 pulses, then all motors shutdown. Recovery from this situation $\,$ need "homing"

SAFETY SWITCH MONITORING (input-2)

Safety switch has usually monitor resistor, which has used to monitoring the condition of safety switch wires. Input-2 has possibility to monitoring this line when "safety switch" option has selected with parameter. R-bias has to set same as resistor of safety switch. Line fault will be detect with fault output.